# Is Your Co-Worker Human Enough to Trust?

## The Impact of Anthropomorphism and AI Accuracy on User Responses to AI Recommendations

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#### The Challenge: Al in High-Stakes Decisions **Key Questions** Al systems are increasingly embedded in our workplaces, acting as "digital colleagues" that influence critical decisions, especially in Human Resources is it just a superficial charm? recruitment. They promise enhanced efficiency and objectivity. But a critical challenge remains: how do we build appropriate user trust? a global study performance or its relatable, human-like design? found that a staggering 66% of users rely on AI output without even evaluating its accuracy (Global Al Trust Study, 2025). This "blind reliance" is particularly concerning. This research tackles this by examining two crucial elements: how an AI's human-like design (anthropomorphism) and its demonstrable confidence)? performance (accuracy) shape user trust, ultimately impacting collaboration when the stakes, like selecting the right candidate, are high. **Trust In Al** 65% **Our Proposed Model: Unpacking Trust** —% Willing to rely on Has 60% Al systems Dipped 55% From 2022 —% Perceive Al **AI Accuracy** systems as to 2024 50% trustworthy 45% **Perceived User** Trust Study, 2025, Univ. of 40% Melbourne & KPMG) 2022 2024 Anthropomorph Design **Theoretical Context** This model outlines how we believe trust in AI is formed and its Ever notice how a human-like AI can feel more like a 'someone' than a 'something'?

That's the **CASA Paradigm** (Reeves & Nass, 1996) in action – we often treat tech socially if it has human-like cues. This helps us explore if an Al's **Anthropomorphic Design** (its 'look and feel') might directly influence the **User Trust** we place in it.

But a friendly face isn't everything. We also rely on basic trust principles (like those in Mayer et al.'s 1995 model): we need to see that an AI is competent. This means its Accuracy is a vital ingredient for building that User Trust.

Our study *proposes* that **User Trust** acts as a crucial mediator: it's potentially shaped by both how an AI *appears* and how it *performs*. This trust, in turn, **is proposed to** shape actual behaviour and even user's psychophysiologic state. We also investigate if **Gender** influences how strongly these initial design and accuracy perceptions affect the trust individuals form.





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- Does giving AI a more human-like persona genuinely deepen our trust, or
- ✤ When it comes to trusting an AI, what truly wins us over its flawless
- How does our level of trust in an AI translate into real-world decisions, our efficiency, and even the subtle signals from our bodies (like stress or
- Do men and women perceive and respond to an Al's human-like qualities and its competence differently when deciding who-or what-to trust?



consequences. We investigate how an AI's human-like qualities and its performance initially build user trust. This trust is then proposed to be the crucial factor driving user responses, from their actions to their physiological state, with user gender potentially influencing how strongly those initial AI characteristics shape trust.

### Trust and acceptance of AI systems



(Source:Global AI Trust Study, 2025, Univ. of Melbourne & KPMG)

### An Experimental Multi-Method Approach



We systematically test two core AI aspects:

- Al's Human-like Qualities (**Anthropomorphic Cues**): Comparing a humanlike avatar to a basic chatbot.
- ✤ Al's "Performance": Contrasting high versus lower accuracy.
- To capture a complete picture of trust, we measure:
- ✤ What People Say: Explicit trust levels (via HCTS).
- What People Do: Actual behaviour (compliance with AI, decision speed).
- What Their Bodies Reveal: Subtle physiological stress/confidence signals (EDA & HRV using MindWare Mobile).

### Why This Matters: Expected Contributions

Understanding how we trust AI isn't just academic—it's about building better, safer, and fairer "digital colleagues." This research aims to make a real-world difference by:

- ones.
- Understanding User Reactions: Revealing how Al's human-like design, performance, and user gender shape trust, reliance, and even subconscious physiological responses.
- ✤ Advancing Trust Measurement: Showing how combining behaviour with physiological data (EDA/HRV) offers deeper insights into trust.
- \* Enhancing Real-World AI Use: Providing practical, evidence-based advice for using AI effectively, ultimately aiming to build more productive and reliable human-AI collaboration.

#### Acknowledgments

This doctoral research is being conducted with the support of the Republic of Türkiye Ministry of National Education through the Study Abroad Program. Sincere thanks to my supervisors, Prof. Andy Charlwood and Dr. Helen Hughes, for their invaluable guidance.

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Mayer, R.C., Davis, J.H. and Schoorman, F.D. (1995) 'An integrative model of organizational trust, Academy of Management Review, 20(3), pp. 709-734. Reeves, B. and Nass, C. (1996) The media equation: how people treat computers, television, and new media like real people. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Global Al Trust Study, 2025, Univ. of Melbourne & KPMG Our experiment immerses participants in a realistic hiring challenge where they act as HR professionals, evaluating job candidates with the help of an AI assistant. we've specifically designed the task to be challenging and ambiguous, making their trust in the AI a critical factor in their decision-making.

Improving AI Design: Guiding the creation of AI that fosters well-calibrated trust, ensuring users don't over-rely on flawed systems or underutilize truly capable

